

UNITEDSTATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 FEB 2 7 2009

SEC FILE NUMBER

FACING PAGE Washington
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_G	1/01/2008 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/2008 MM/DD/YY
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Sentry			OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM I.D. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN		B0x 140.)	Thursday.
1800 NOICH FOIRC DIIVE	(No. and Street)		
Stevens Point,	Wisconsin	54	481
(City)	(State)	(Zi	p Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER Paul A. Doxsee	SON TO CONTACT IN	(715)	ORT 346-6942 Area Code – Telephone Number
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIF	TCATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained	in this Report*	
	lame – if individual, state last	, first, middle name)	
777 East Wisconsin Ave	nue, Suite 1	500 Milwaukee	, WI 53202
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its pos	sessions.	4
7	OR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Paul A. Doxsee	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying final	ncial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Sentry Equity Services, I	
of December 31	, 20 08 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as	OUOWS:
	$\Omega = 1$
	Hand U Wake
	Signature
	<u>Vice President</u>
0 0 1 1	1100
Joann Schult	
Notary Public / Comm	ission efféres 6-12-11.
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxe	es):
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	**
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condi	
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' E	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subo	runated to Claims of Cleditots.
(g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserv	Damisamenta Dumunat ta Dula 1502 2
(i) Information Relating to the Possession of (ii) A Reconciliation, including appropriate ex	
	explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
Computation for Determination of the Re	serve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	l unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation. (1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(i) An Oath of Arrimation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report	
	cies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
For (iii) w reformescriping any material manedasc	hes found to evist of found in have evision surce me auto of the broatons about.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



KPMG LLP 777 East Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53202

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors Sentry Equity Services, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Sentry Equity Services, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2008 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sentry Equity Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The Company is a member of a group of affiliated companies and, as disclosed in the financial statements, has extensive transactions and relationships with members of the group. Because of these relationships, it is possible that the terms of these transactions are not the same as those that would result from transactions among wholly unrelated parties.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG LLP

February 24, 2009

Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2008

Assets

Cash Prepaid expenses	\$ 76,368 15,266
Total assets	\$ 91,634
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	
Liabilities: Intercompany tax expense payable Intercompany payable	\$ 1,788 3,167
Total liabilities	 4,955
Stockholder's equity: Common stock, \$10 par value. Authorized 1,000 shares; issued and outstanding 720 shares Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit	 7,200 752,800 (673,321)
Total stockholder's equity	 86,679
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 91,634

Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2008

Income: Distribution and management fees Interest	\$	48,078 1,198
Total income		49,276
Expenses: Employee compensation and benefits Licenses and fees Telephone and postage Data processing services Printing and stationery Management fees Other	_	13,599 15,058 149 2,817 436 15,575 13,055
Total expenses		60,689
Loss before federal income benefit		(11,413)
Federal income tax benefit		3,977
Net loss	\$	(7,436)

Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity Year ended December 31, 2008

		Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated deficit	Total stockholder's equity
Balance, December 31, 2007	\$	7,200	752,800	(665,885)	94,115
Net loss		<u> </u>		(7,436)	(7,436)
Balance, December 31, 2008	\$_	7,200	752,800	(673,321)	86,679

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2008

Cash flows from operating activities:	•	(7100)
Net loss	\$	(7,436)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		(1.40)
Increase in prepaid expenses		(140)
Change in intercompany payable/receivable due to/from affiliated company		13,427
Change in federal income tax payable/receivable due to/from affiliated company		(3,387)
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,464
Cash, beginning of year		73,904
Cash, end of year	\$	76,368

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2008

(1) Nature of Business

Sentry Equity Services, Inc. (the Company) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sentry Insurance a Mutual Company (SIAMCO), and is a registered broker and dealer in securities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company's securities operations were limited to the underwriting of, interests in, or participations in SIAMCO's life insurance subsidiary separate accounts. Sales of new separate account contracts ended on December 1, 2004 for variable annuities and on October 13, 2003 for variable life insurance.

(2) Significant Accounting Policies

Distribution fees and interest income are recorded when earned. Expenses are accrued and expensed when incurred. Cash represents an amount on deposit with a bank.

The Company participates in a General Expense Allocation Agreement as a wholly owned subsidiary of SIAMCO. Expenses allocated of \$24,241 for the year ended December 31, 2008 are based upon time and usage studies that are updated at least annually by the Company and SIAMCO. Expenses that are not allocated totaled \$36,448 for the year ended December 31, 2008. Included in the \$36,448 are expenses of \$12,000 representing legal and marketing expenses provided by SIAMCO.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles may require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, if any, at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(3) Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return with SIAMCO. In accordance with intercompany tax allocation policy, the Company pays to or receives from SIAMCO amounts equivalent to the Federal income tax provision or benefit based on its taxable income or loss included in this return. As settlement under the intercompany Tax Allocation Agreement, the Company received \$590 during the year ended December 31, 2008. The Company receives tax credits from SIAMCO to the extent current tax credits are available to the consolidated tax return group. As there are no differences between the bases of assets and liabilities for financial and tax reporting purposes, no deferred income taxes have been recorded.

(4) Capital Requirements

Pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 (the Rule), the Company is required to maintain minimum net capital and an acceptable ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (net capital ratio), both as defined, under such rule. At December 31, 2008, the Company had net capital, as defined, of \$71,413, and a net capital requirement of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.07 to 1 at December 31, 2008, which did not exceed the 15 to 1 limit under the Rule.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2008

(5) Related-Party Transactions

As exclusive underwriter and broker-dealer for the sale of variable annuities and variable universal life policies for SIAMCO affiliates, the Company received \$18,078 in distribution fees from these entities for the year ended December 31, 2008.

The Company receives management fees from an affiliate of SIAMCO for which it provides underwriting and broker-dealer services. The management fee is discretionary and is structured to reimburse the Company for expenses incurred in excess of all other revenue in order to maintain desired levels of stockholder's equity. Management fees of \$30,000 are included in company income for the year ended December 31, 2008. This same affiliate of SIAMCO is required to provide the Company with funds sufficient to maintain minimum net capital at all times.

The Company has no direct employees. It utilizes services provided by employees of SIAMCO. The Company participates in an expense allocation system with certain affiliated companies. See also paragraph two of Note 2.



KPMG LLP 777 East Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53202

Independent Auditors? Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3

The Board of Directors Sentry Equity Service, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Sentry Equity Services, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2008 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



February 24, 2009



Financial Statements and Schedules

December 31, 2008

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)